MANAGEMENT PERFORMANCE USING BALANCE SCORECARD CONCEPT IN PT BANK NAGARI MAIN BRANCH OFFICE PADANG

THESIS

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ABSTRACT

In era globalization, the world of business experienced growth to resulting in an increasingly competitive conditions competition. In order to enhance organizational performance, alignment of organizational and individual objectives within the organization is important. Accordingly, the performance appraisal system is needed that describes the condition of the company's performance accurately. The Balanced Scorecard is one of the alternative performance measures that aims to combine the size of financial and non financial performance. This measurement is the result of a process based on its mission and strategy of a firm. There are four aspects that are measured in the Balanced Scorecard (BSC) is a financial perspective, customer perspective, internal business process perspective, growth and learning perspective.

The objective of this research is to analyze the performance of PT Bank Nagari Main Branch Office Padang using the Balance Scorecard Concept. The collected of data using primary and secondary data. The primary data obtained from questionnaires that distributed to employees and customers of PT Bank Nagari Main Branch Office Padang. Secondary data obtained from annual reports of PT Bank Nagari Main Branch Office Padang per December period in 2009, 2010, 2011. Those data are compared to the standard set whether each variables in each perspective categorize as "good", "enough", or "bad" condition.

The result of the research shows that the overall performance of PT Bank Nagari Main Branch Office Padang is good, where the the value of each perspectives are mostly categorized as "good" standard. For the learning and growth perspective, all the variables measured are in the good standard. In the internal business perspective, the result reveals enough performance. While in the customer perspective the overall result from each measurement is in the good criteria. The crucial thing to be recognized is about financial condition, where the ROA is in the good criteria, but for LDR is stand in the bad condition. So the company need to set better strategy to fix their performance in the financial aspect to make the organization balance both in the financial and non financial to increase its performance.

Keyword: Balanced Scorecard, Business Performance

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Padang, August 2012 Sincerely,

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INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

The business world becomes more competitive. It is indicated by the big changes in the competition, production, marketing, human resources management, and transaction holding between company with customer and company with another company. Now the competition become global and sharp, it is cause the decreasing in profit that earned by the companies that entering the world-level competition. The company charged to take strategic action in every condition. Beside the ability to compete, the company should also have a superiority that can distinguish one company with another. Many companies try to formulate their business strategy in order to win the competition. But, only the company which has superiority could satisfy and fulfill costumer needs, able in producing quality product and cost effective (Mulyadi, 2001).

To be the winner in this tight competition the company need the correct standard to measure their performance. Commonly during this time the company uses traditional performance measure that only focus on the financial sector. This traditional performance measure has advantages and disadvantages. The advantage is it will push the management to work harder if the company only looking for the short term benefit. While the disadvantage is when the performance measure only focus on the financial sector will be underprivileged in measuring intangible asset performance and the intellectual asset (human resources) of the company. Beside that in measuring performance with this way underprivileged to tell a lot about company history, less

attention to the external sector, and not able to fully lead the company toward better (Kaplan and Norton, 1996).

Because of those disadvantages appear an idea to make a new performance measurement which can measure both, financial sector and non financial sector. The performance measurement in using non financial data, include the following: market size and level of growth, the ability of firms in producing products that are popular by consumers, development and assessment of employees including the employee turnover, corporate image in the eyes of society, on time delivery, the percentage of goods damaged during production, the number of customer complaints and warranty for customer.

Kaplan and Norton design the more comprehensive performance measurement system that is known as *Balance Scorecard*. According to Kaplan and Norton (1993) "*Balance Scorecard provides executives with a comprehensive framework that translates a company's strategic objectives into a coherent set of performance measures*". Balance scorecard seeing the organization from four perspectives, that are:

- 1. Financial perspective
- 2. Customer perspective
- 3. Internal business perspective
- 4. Learning and growth perspective

Balanced scorecard can be applied to the business organizations that produce products or services. But, in this research the writer choose service company engaged in the financial sector that is bank as the research object. Based on "Undang-undang RI"

No. 10 year 1998 about the changes on "Undang-undang" No. 7 year 1992 about Banking, bank is comittee that collect fund from society in form of saving and distribute it to society in form of credit and/or other forms in order to increase the society's living standard. Based on that law, bank as financial institutions are divided into two, namely Commercial Bank and Rural Bank. The Bank's activities in Indonesia, especially activities of commercial banks is to collect funds from the community (funding), to deliver funds to the public (lending), and provides other banking services (services).

Bank Pembangunan Daerah of West Sumatra was officially established on March 12, 1962 under the name "PT. BANK PEMBANGUNAN DAERAH SUMATERA BARAT". The establishment was pioneered by The Local Government, society and entrepreneurs in West Sumatra, on the premise the need for a financial institution in the form of the Bank, which specifically assist the government in implementing development in the area. In 1996 through Perda No. 2/1996 authorized call name as "Bank Nagari" the aim is to be more popular, build brand image as well interpret order system of Government in West Sumatra. Although Bank Nagari is the government bank, but to win the competition in the market, Bank Nagari must be able to compete with the commercial bank. One of the movement of Bank Nagari is sign by launching a new logo, new vision and mission of Bank Pembangunan Daerah on 27 November 2008. Through this moment of change hopes that Bank Nagari has a new spirit to serve and can reach their vision that is "Menjadi Bank Pembangunan Daerah Terkemuka dan Terpercaya di Indonesia". With the high integrity and loyalty from stakeholders of Bank Nagari is committed to continuously cultivate motivation, creativity, accuracy, and innovation both in terms of improving services in order to maintain existing customer and attract new prospect that Bank will improve its performance in the future.

To achieve the vision and mission Bank Nagari needs the comprehensive strategies which involve many kind of aspect, financial and non-financial. In the balance scorecard performance measurement system, the importance of financial and non-financial aspect are revealed. According to Mulyadi (1996), balance scorecard is the performance measurement concept that actually gives a comprehensive framework to explore the vision into strategic goals. The comprehensive strategic goals can be formulated as a balanced scorecard uses four perspectives that are interrelated one to another and cannot be separated (Gaspersz, 2005). This effort related with the internal and external parties in the company. For example, costumer satisfaction, the quality of product or services, employee loyalty, and so on.

Based on the background, the writer interested to do a research with title:

"Management Performance Using Balance Scorecard Concept In PT Bank Nagari Main Branch Office Padang"

1.2 Problem Identification

Based on the background state above, then the problem that writer would like to discuss in this research is stressed on:

- 1. How is the performance of PT Bank Nagari Main Branch Office Padang observed from the financial perspective?
- 2. How is the performance of PT Bank Nagari Main Branch Office Padang observed from the cutomer perspective?

- 3. How is the performance of PT Bank Nagari Main Branch Office Padang observed from the internal business process perspective?
- 4. How is the performance of PT Bank Nagari Main Branch Office Padang observed from the learning and growth perspective?

1.3 Research Objective and Benefits

1.3.1 Research Objectives

Based on the problem identification above the objective of this research is to analyze the performance measurement in PT. Bank Nagari Main Branch Office Padang based on Balance scorecard concept.

1.3.2 Research Benefits

This research is expected to give benefit to all the related parties. The objectives are:

1. For PT Bank Nagari Main Branch Office Padang

Analysis result obtained from this research is expected to be a consideration to increase and keep the existing performance and to bring into a better organization.

2. For Writer

Giving insight to comprehend the using of the balanced scorecard concept as performance measurement, especially in PT Bank Nagari Main Branch Office Padang.

3. For Another Party

To be a reference to conduct further research.

1.4 Writing Systematic

This research is divided into five chapters, those are:

Chapter 1 (Introduction)

This chapter explains the overview of the background of the introduction, problem definition, purpose and benefit of the research and writing systematic.

Chapter II (Theoretical Framework)

Theoretical Framework provides an overview of literature survey about the purpose, benefit, and characteristic of performance measurement system. It also describes about Balanced Scorecard and its perspectives as performance measurement system.

Chapter III (Research Methodology)

Research Methodology discuss research object, type of research, type of data used in the research, data gathering method, research variable and variable measurement, assessment of research instrument and data analysis method.

Chapter IV (Analysis)

Provides discussion and analysis.

Chapter V (Conclusion)

This chapter consists of research conclusions of the analysis in previous chapters. This chapter also explains the research limitations as well as suggestions and implications of the research not only for the company itself but also to other parties who might have interest in this topic.