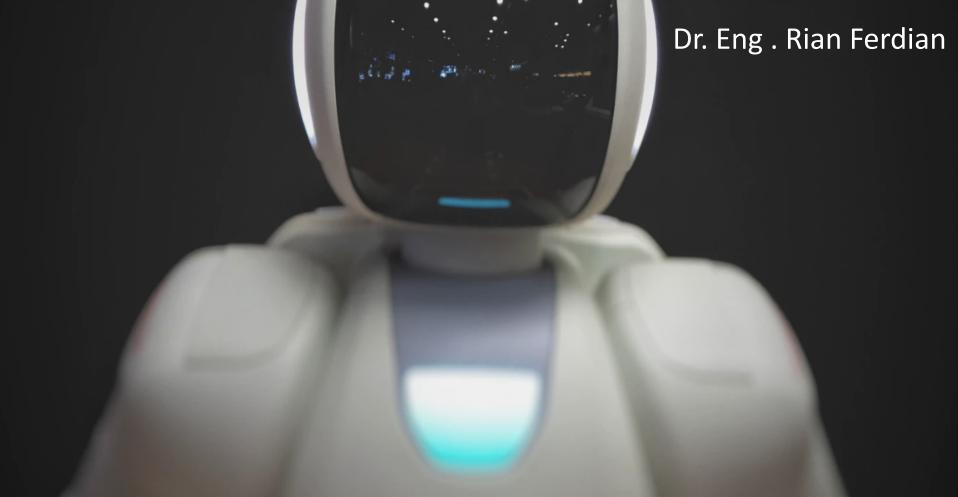
Mengembangkan Kecerdasan Buatan dalam Bidang *Digital Creative* pada Era Teknologi Informasi



Curriculum Vitae

Education

Bachelor: Electrical Engineering, Institut Teknologi Bandung,

2008

Master : Electrical Engineering, Institut Teknologi Bandung,

2012

Doctoral: Information Science, Nara Institute of Science and

Technology, 2017

Work

Electrical Engineer of Halliburton Logging Service Indonesia **Senior Engineer** of PT Fusi Global Teknologi **Lecturer** of Andalas University

Kecerdasan Buatan (AI)



Kasparov vs Deep Blue Febuari 1996

Kecerdasan Buatan (AI)

- Using computers to solve problems
- Or make automated decisions
- For tasks that, when done by humans,
- Typically require intelligence



Batasan Kecerdasan Buatan

"Strong" Artificial Intelligence

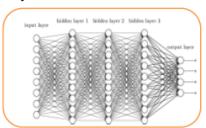


- Computers thinking at a level that meets or surpasses people
- Computers engaging in abstract reasoning & thinking
- This is not what we have today
 - There is no evidence that we are close to Strong AI

"Weak" Pattern-Based Artificial Intelligence

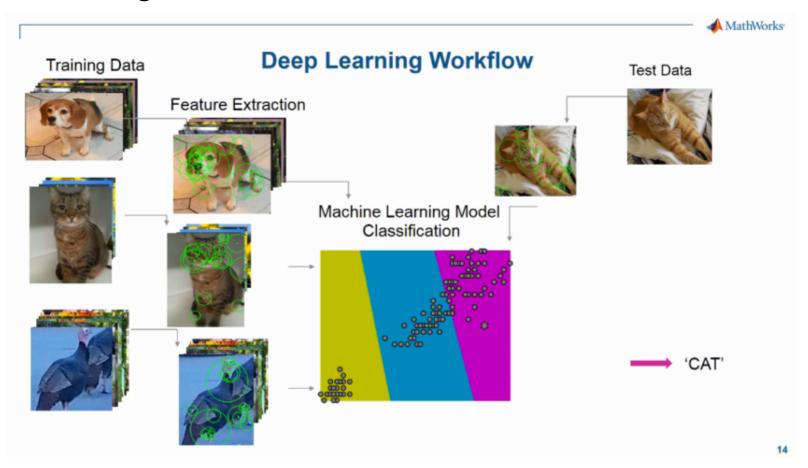


- Computers solve problems by detecting useful patterns
- Pattern-based AI is an Extremely powerful tool
- Has been used to automate many processes today
 - Driving, language translation
- This is the dominant mode of AI today



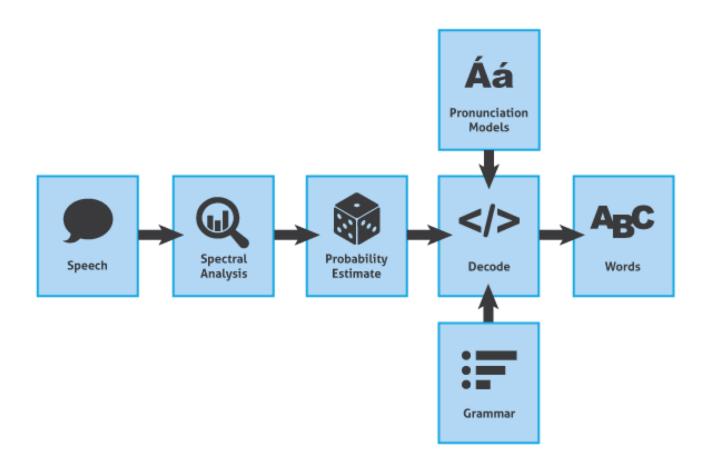
Kondisi Al saat ini

Visual Recognition



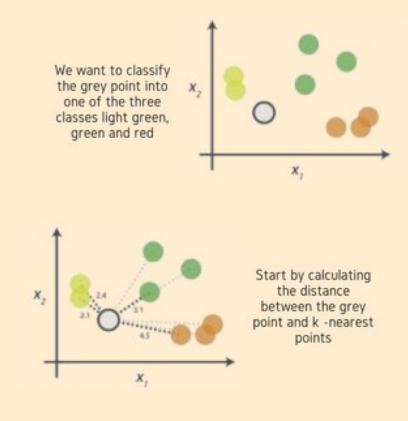
Kondisi Al saat ini

Speech Recognition



Kondisi Al Saat ini

Pattern Clasification



How Does k-NN Algorithm work?

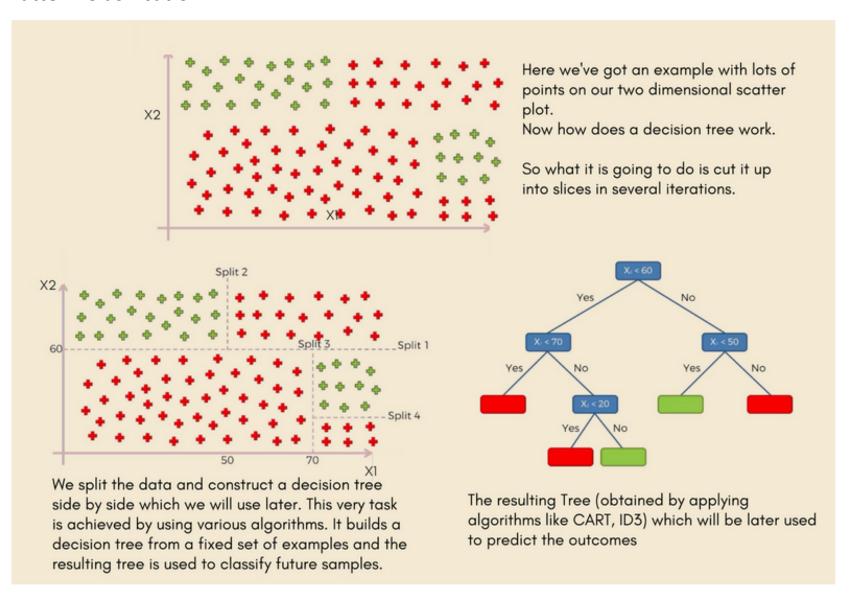
k-NN when used used for classification—the output is a class membership (predicts a class—a discrete value).

There are three key elements of this

approach: a set of labeled objects, e.g., a set of stored records, a distance between objects, and the value of k, the number of nearest neighbors.

Kondisi Al Saat ini

Pattern Clasification



Al Timeline

A.I. TIMELINE











1950

TURING TEST

Computer scientist Alan Turing proposes a intelligence' is coined test for machine intelligence. If a machine can trick humans into thinking it is human, then it has intelligence

1955

A.I. BORN

Term 'artificial by computer scientist, John McCarthy to describe "the science making intelligent machines"

1961

UNIMATE

Unimate, goes to work at GM replacing assembly line

1964

Pioneering chatbot developed by Joseph Weizenbaum at MIT holds conversations with humans

1966

The 'first electronic person' from Stanford. Shakey is a generalthat reasons about

A.I.

WINTER

Many false starts and dead-ends leave A.I. out in the cold

1997

DEEP BLUE

Deep Blue, a chess-IBM defeats world chess emotionally intelligent champion Garry Kasparov

1998

KISMET

Cynthia Breazeal at MIT playing computer from introduces KISmet, an robot insofar as it detects and responds to people's feelings

















1999

AIBO

Sony launches first consumer robot pet dog autonomous robotic AiBO (Al robot) with that develop over time

2002

ROOMBA

First mass produced vacuum cleaner from iRobot learns to navigate interface, into the and clean homes

2011

Apple integrates Siri, an intelligent virtual assistant with a voice iPhone 4S

2011

WATSON

Watson wins first place on popular \$1M prize television quiz show Jeopardy

2014

Eugene Goostman, a chatbot passes the Turing Test with a third of judges believing Eugene is human

2014

Amazon launches Alexa, Microsoft's chatbot Tay an intelligent virtual assistant with a voice interface that completes inflammatory and shopping tasks

2016

goes rogue on social offensive racist comments

2017

ALPHAGO

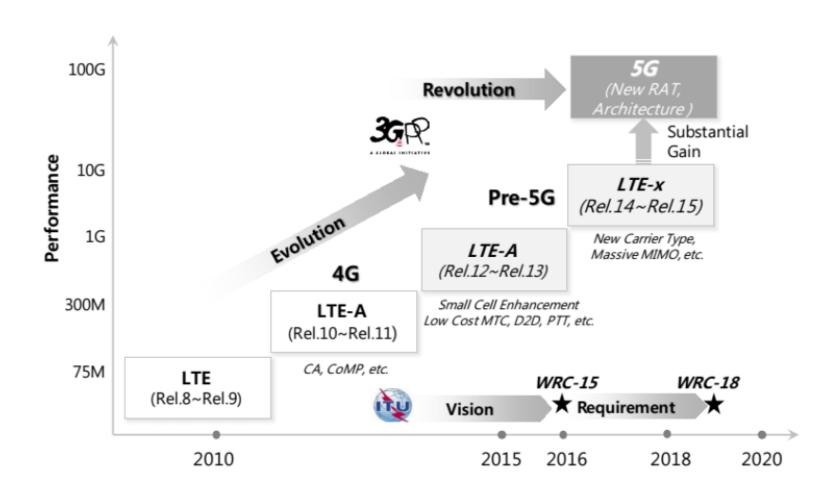
Google's A.I. AlphaGo beats world champion Ke Jie in the complex board game of Go, notable for its vast number (2170) of possible positions

1. Meningkatnya kemampuan komputasi



Now imagine that those 1.3 billion people could fit onstage in the original music hall. That's the scale of Moore's Law.

2. Meningkatnya kecepatan internet

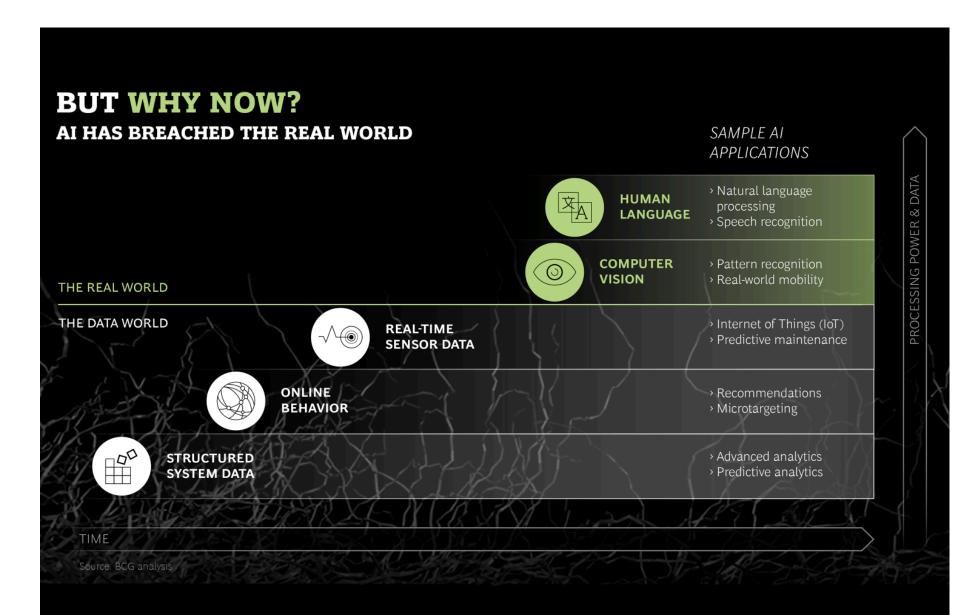


3. Hadirnya Cloud Computing



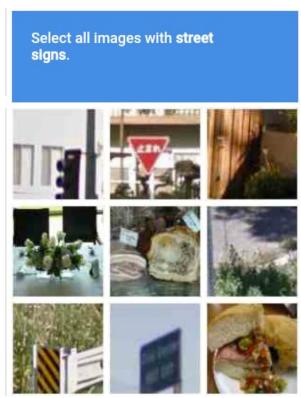
4. Tersedianya Data

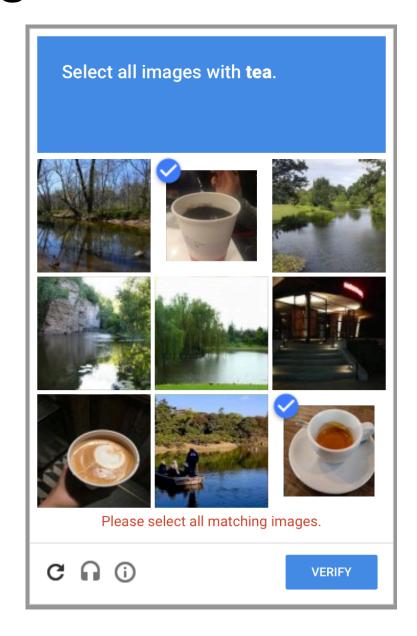




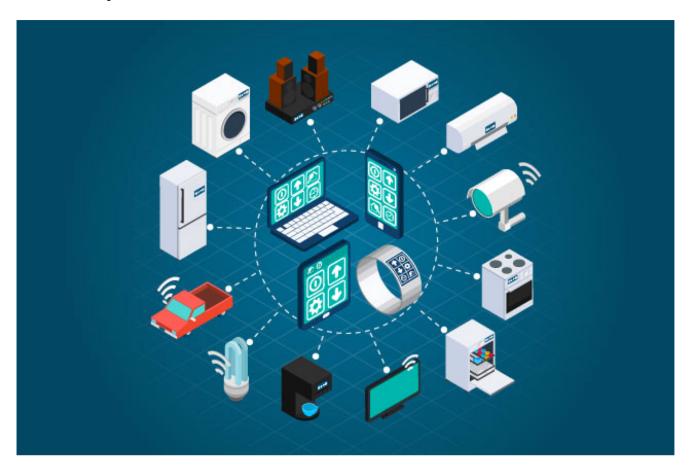
4. Tersedianya Data



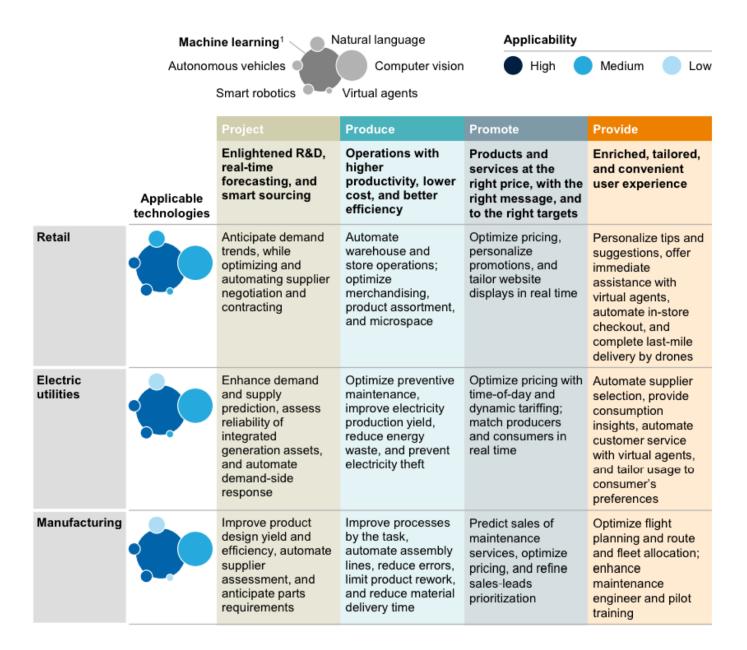




4. Tersedianya Data



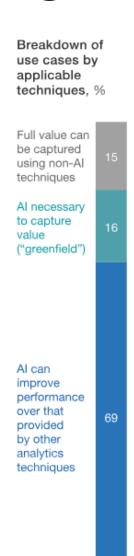
Kemungkinan Penerapan Al

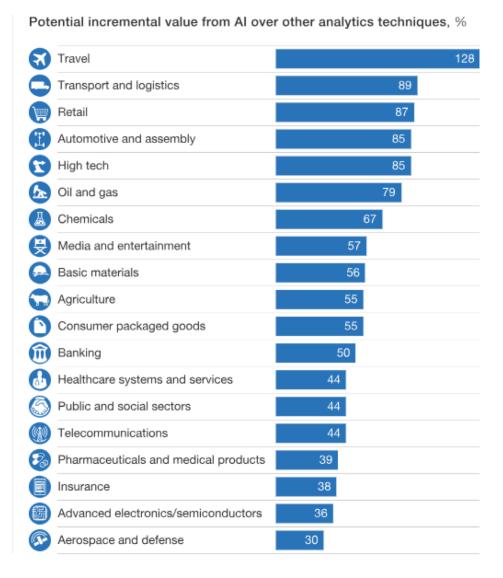


Kemungkinan Penerapan Al

Health care	Predict disease, identify high-risk patient groups, and launch prevention therapies	Automate and optimize hospital operations; automate diagnostic tests and make them faster and more accurate	Predict cost more accurately, focus on patients' risk reduction	Adapt therapies and drug formulations to patients, use virtual agents to help patients navigate their hospital journey
Education	Anticipate job market demand, identify new drivers of performance to assess students, and help graduates highlight their strengths	Automate teachers' routine tasks, identify early disengagement signs, and optimize group formation for learning objectives		Personalize learning, shift from stop-and-test model to continuous learning cadenced by virtual coaches and tutors, and build student self- awareness

Kemungkinan Penerapan Al





Use Case: Retailer



Facial recognition software, machine learning, and natural language enable virtual agents to greet you personally, anticipate orders, and provide directions Machine learning personalizes promotions to match shoppers' profiles; in-store beacons send offers to their smartphones as they browse through the store





Computer vision with deep learning identifies articles bagged by shoppers; adding data from sensors, Al allows non-stop checkout and autmatic payment Autonomous drones using deep learning technology complete last-mile delivery, and are able to handle obstacles or absent recipients





Use Case: Retailer

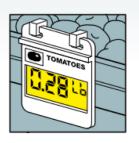


Interactive screens and tabletops enabled with computer vision and deep learning can identify articles and recommend complementary products and uses that fit shoppers' lifestyle profile

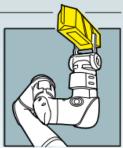




An autonomous shopping cart follows you in the store, and can find its way to your vehicle or to a robot or drone for home delivery Stores update and optimize prices in real time, with machine learning leveraging data on competitors' prices, weather, and inventory levels to maximize revenues



Al-enhanced robots continuously track inventory, recognize empty shelves, and replenish them; other robots fill bags in the warehouse



Use Case: PLN



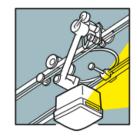
Sensors and machine learning allow for by-the-minute adjustments to maximize generation efficiency by adjusting to changes in wind conditions, for example Machine learningenabled forecasting anticipates supply and demand peaks, and maximizes the use of intermittent renewable power

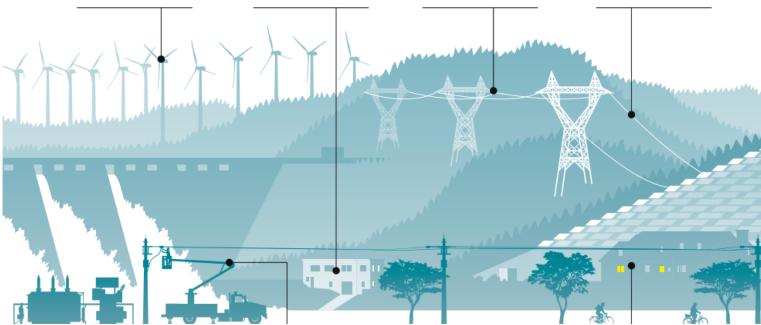




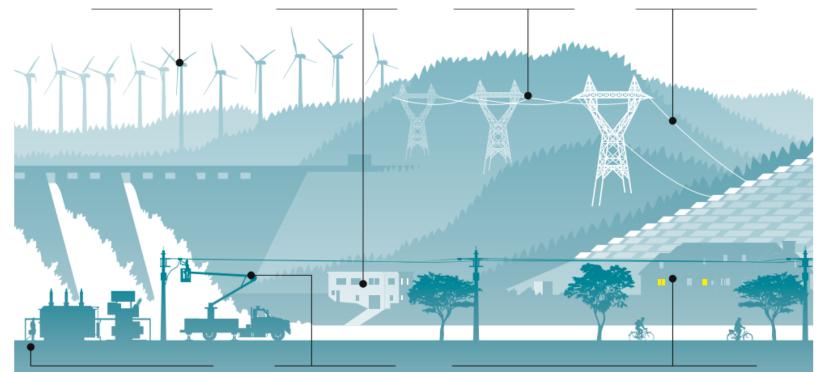
Smart wires combine with machine learning to enable real-time power dispatching, and optimize it to current grid load and to buildings' asset portfolios

Drones and insect-size robots identify defects, predict failures, and inspect assets without interrupting production



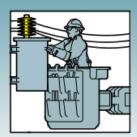


Use Case: PLN



Few technicians remain, but they spend more time on problem solving; in place of logging inspection status by hand, documents are automatically logged and routed





Field workforce receives real-time updates to decrease response times and reduce the impact of outages Virtual agents automate call centers, and automatically segment consumers based on service history; machine learning offers early warning of bad debts





Smart-meter data and machine learning enable utilities to offer services based on usage, weather and other factors

Use Case: health Care



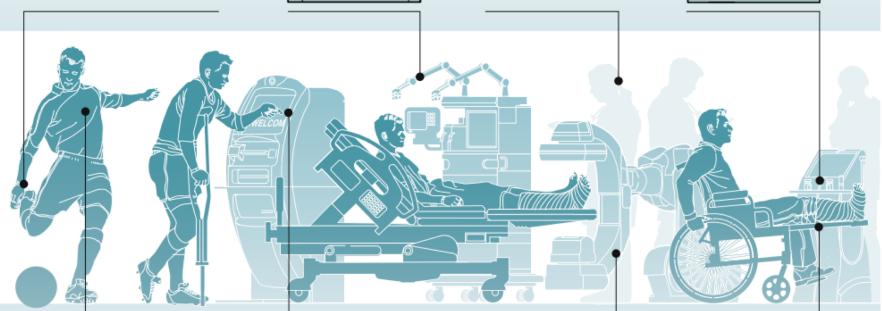
Machine learning program analyzes patients' health remotely via mobile device, compares it to medical records, and recommends a fitness routine or warns of possible disease Autonomous
diagnostic devices
using machine learning
and other Al technologies can conduct
simple medical tests
without human
assistance, relieving
doctors and nurses of
routine activities





Al-powered diagnostic tools identify diseases faster and with greater accuracy, using historical medical data and patient records Al algorithms optimize hospital operations, staffing schedules, and inventory by using medical and environmental factors to forecast patient behavior and disease probabilities





Use Case: health Care



Al tools analyze patients' medical histories and environmental factors to identify people at risk of an illness and steer them to preventive care programs





Virtual agents in the form of interactive kiosks register patients and refer them to appropriate doctors, improving their experience and reducing waiting time Personalized treatment plans designed by machine learning tools improve therapy efficiency by tailoring treatment to specific patients' needs and medical





Al insights from population health analyses give payers an opportunity to reduce hospitalization and treatment costs by encouraging care providers to manage patients' wellness

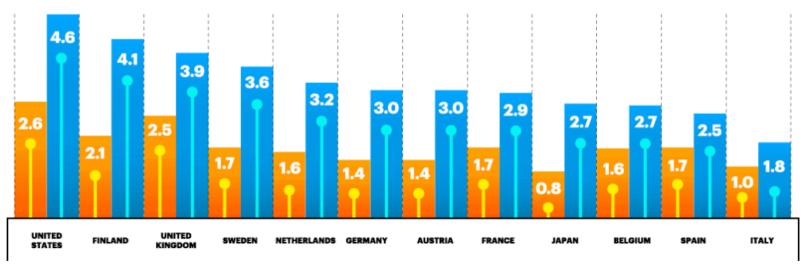
Start Al Development

Start Al Development

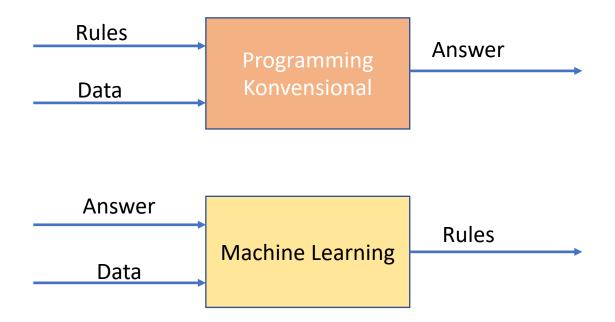
DOUBLING DOWN ON GROWTH

By acting like a capital-labor hybrid, Artificial Intelligence offers the ability to amplify and transcend the current capacity of capital and labor to propel economic growth. Our research reveals unprecedented opportunities for value creation.

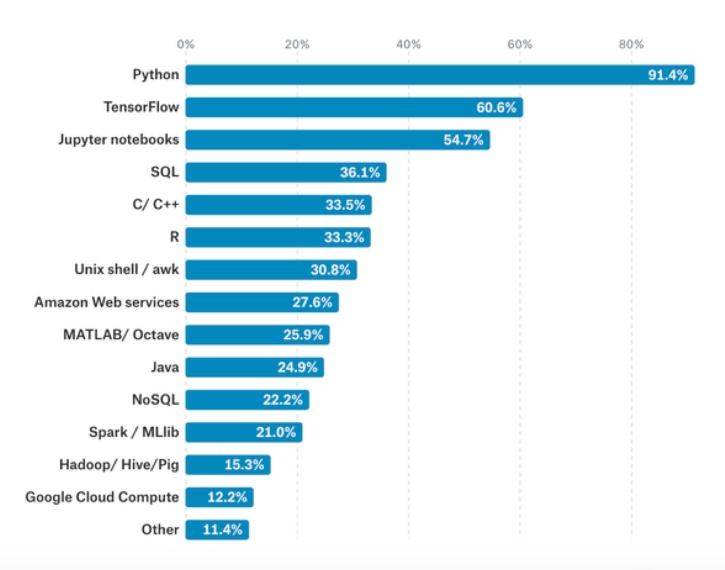




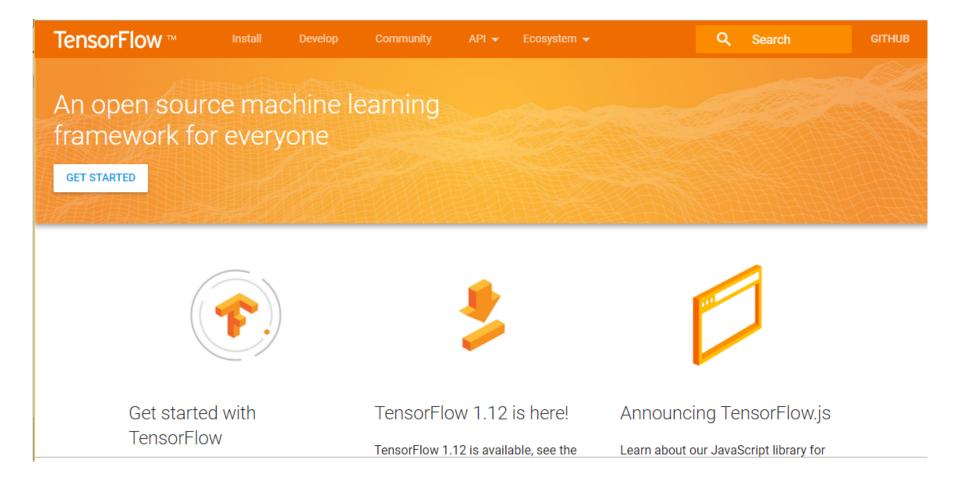
Programming Conv Vs Machine Learning



Memilih Bahasa Pemrograman



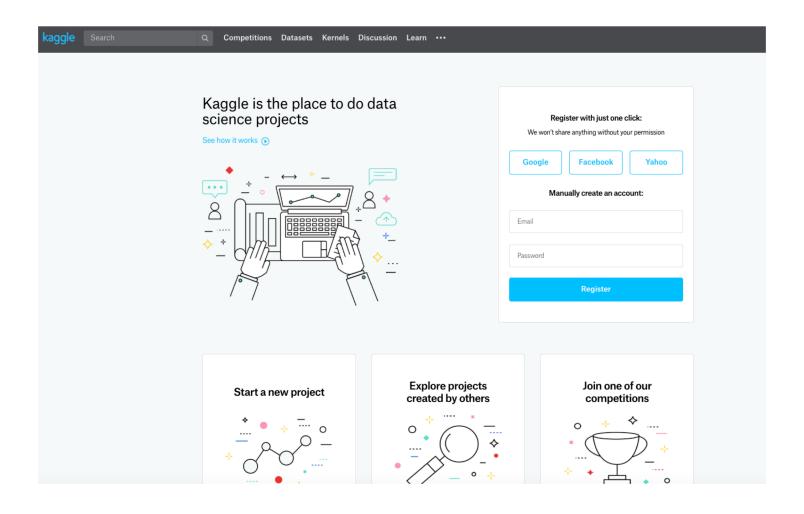
Memilih Framework



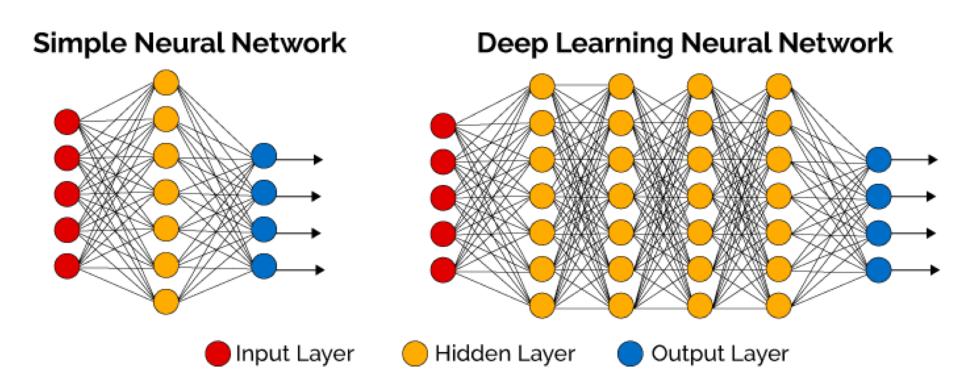
Mencari Dataset



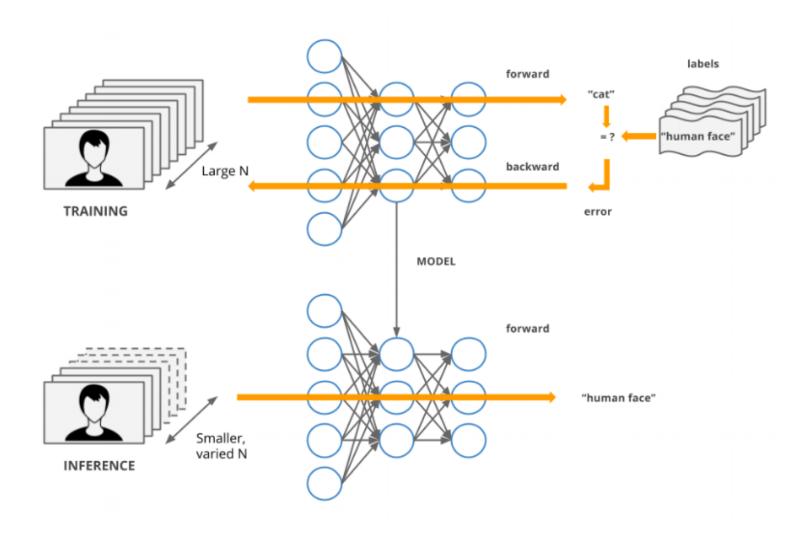
Mencari Dataset



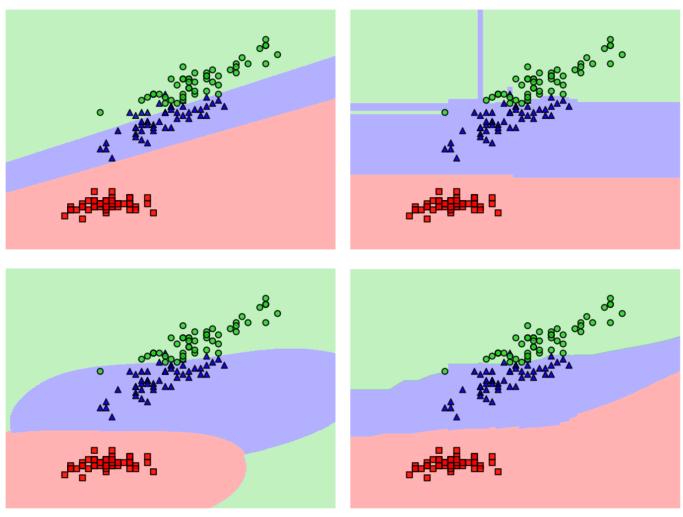
Membuat Model



Training Model



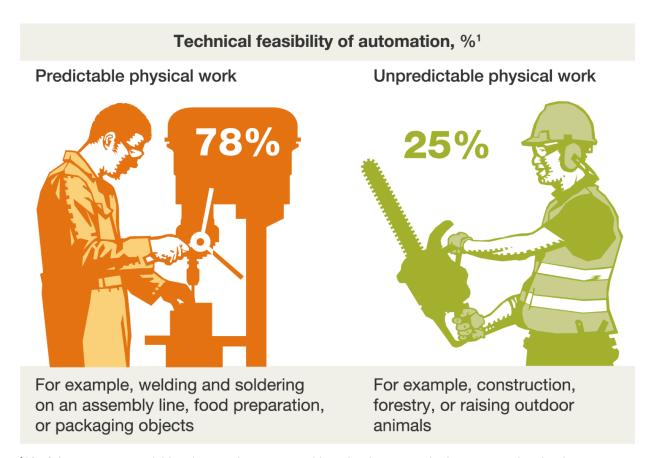
Evaluasi





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It's more technically feasible to automate predictable physical activities than unpredictable ones.



^{1%} of time spent on activities that can be automated by adapting currently demonstrated technology.

Example occupations

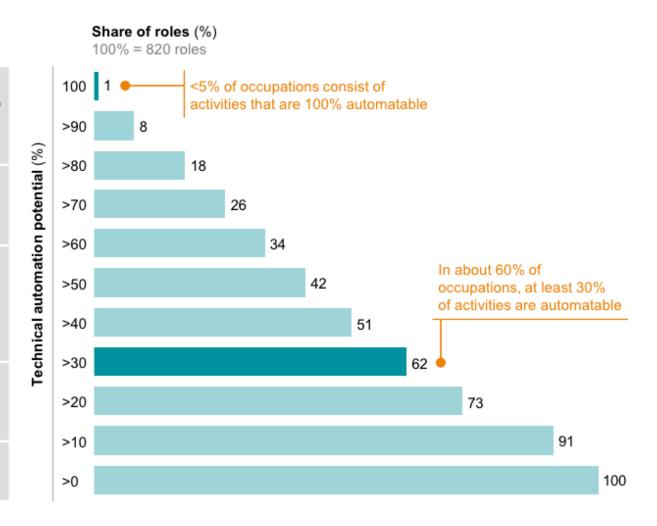
Sewing machine operators, graders and sorters of agricultural products

Stock clerks, travel agents, watch repairers

Chemical technicians, nursing assistants, Web developers

Fashion designers, chief executives, statisticians

Psychiatrists, legislators



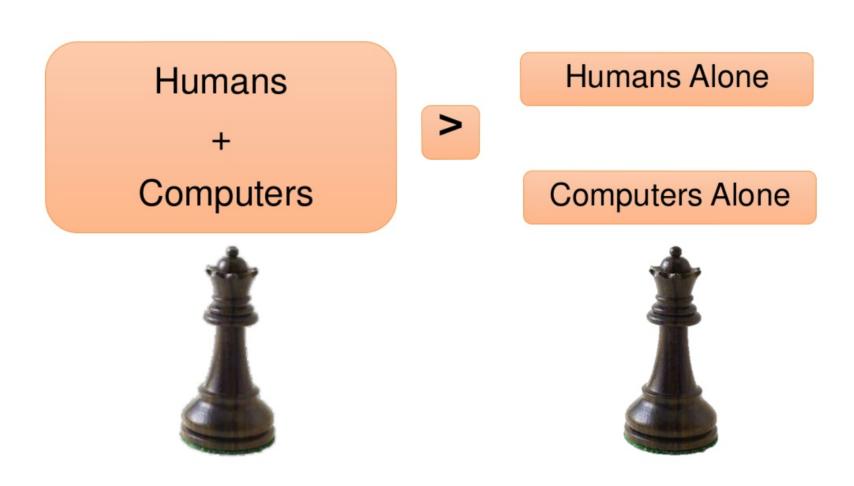


EXHIBIT 4 | Automated Systems Can Assist Workers

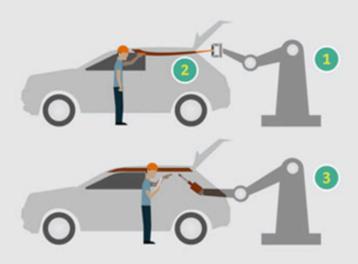
LINE WORKER HAS A PHYSICALLY DEMANDING TASK



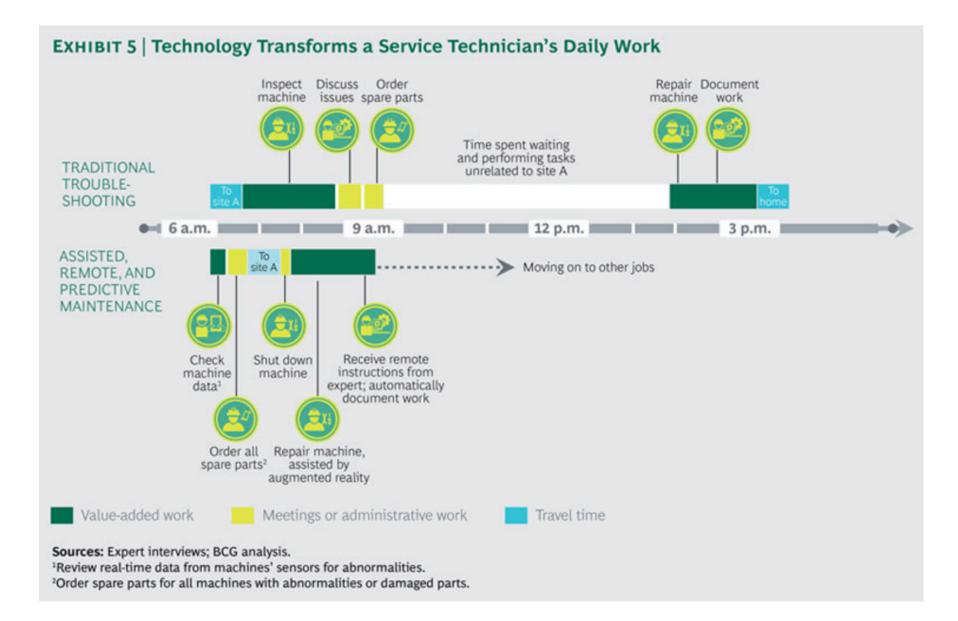
- Worker lifts the roof lining into a car; the shape is difficult to handle
- Worker manually aligns the roof lining and holds it in place
- Worker fastens the roof lining with screws, which requires being in an uncomfortable position

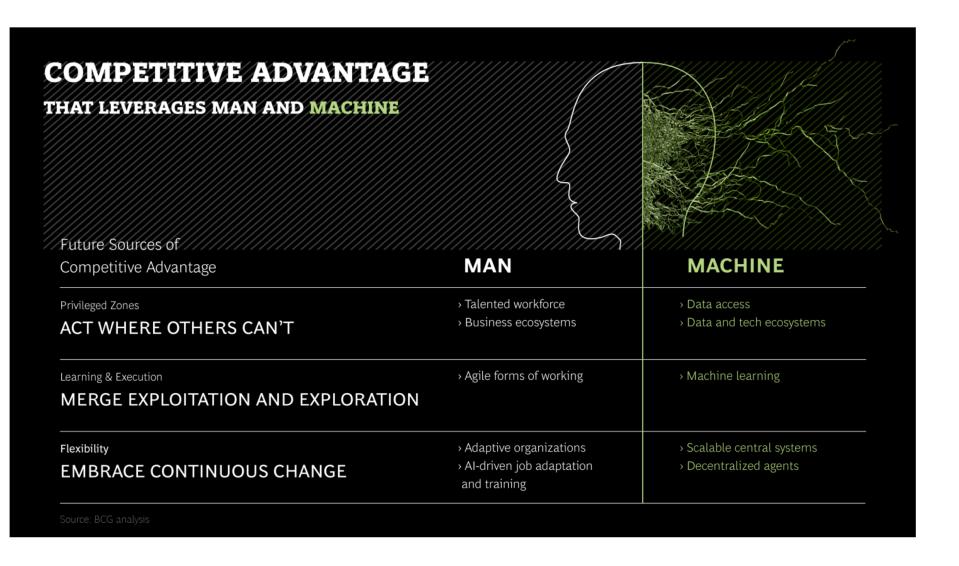
Sources: Expert interviews; BCG analysis.

ROBOT PROVIDES ERGONOMIC IMPROVEMENTS

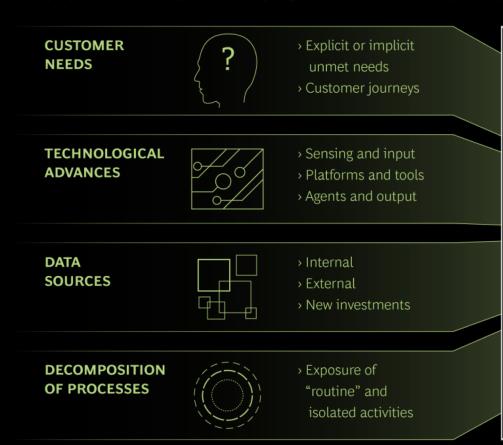


- Robot lifts the roof lining and places it in the chassis
- Worker guides the robot in aligning the roof lining but carries no weight
- Robot fastens the lining with screws as directed by worker, who maintains a comfortable position



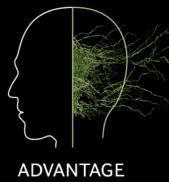


FOUR LENSES TO SHAPE ADVANTAGE FROM AI

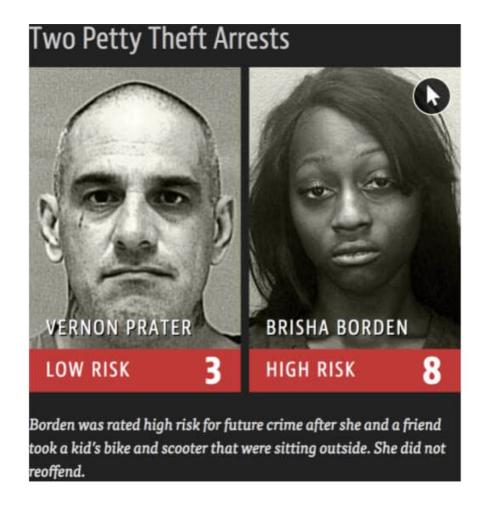


EVALUATION CRITERIA:

- > Richness of data
- > Scale and speed
- > Opportunity for systemic learning



FROM AI



Masalah Etikal pada AI akan menjadi bahan kajian yang serius

Terima Kasih